

Knowledge Representation and Reasoning

Exercises on Well-Founded Semantics

1 Well-Founded Semantics

1. Determine the well-founded model of the following normal logic program:

```
a :- not b.      g :- not h.      d :- not e.
b :- not a.      h :- not g.      f :- d.
c :- not a.      i :- g.
c :- not c.      i :- h.
```

2. Determine the well-founded model of the following normal logic program.

```
winning(X) :- move(X,Y), loosing(Y).
loosing(X) :- not winning(X).
move(a,b).      move(b,d).      move(a,c).      move(c,c).
```

3. Consider the following taxonomic knowledge expressed by the sentences:

- Normally, big carnivorous are dangerous.
- Cats are an exception to the above rule.
- Felines are carnivorous.
- Both lions and cats are felines.
- Lions are big.
- Normally, tamed animals are not dangerous.
- King is a tamed lion.
- Tom is a big cat.

- (a) Represent the previous taxonomic knowledge using extended logic programming.
- (b) Compute the extended well-founded model and explain what you can conclude regarding Tom and King.