

3D Graphics in Java

with Java Open GL - JOGL 2

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light sources**

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References:

<http://jogamp.org/> (for JOGL 2.0)

<http://download.java.net/media/jogl/jogl-2.x-docs/>

<http://www.glprogramming.com/red/>

Introduction

- **3D graphics:** {
 step 1: define 3D objects in 3D space
 step 2: rendering with a **virtual camera**
 → virtual photographs displayed on a panel of the GUI

- sequence of **geometric transformations** between the panel and the 3D objects:

viewport, projection, viewing, modeling transformations

→ **projection** of the 3D objects over the panel

- {
wireframe rendering: surfaces of objects sketched out with a grid of lines
surface rendering: surfaces of objects represented realistically:
 [• lighting of the scene
 • reflection of light over the objects

- **OpenGL**

OpenGL is a **state machine**

- various state variables that keep their values until we change them:
 - current color
 - current normal
 - current projection matrix, modelview matrix
 - current drawing style
 - current shading model
 -

OpenGL has a rendering pipeline with several buffers

- **flushing** required to force the execution of all drawing instructions

● **Java Open GL**

event driven system: *OpenGL* modeling and rendering
are specified inside the event methods of **GLEventListener**

double-buffering: one buffer is displayed while the other is being drawn
then, the two buffers are swapped and vice-versa

= allows smooth animation

● **GLU:** *OpenGL Utility Library*

provides more elaborate functions than *OpenGL*:

- ◆ easy specification of projection and viewing transformations: **gluPerspective**
gluLookAt
- ◆ creation of simple objects: quadric surfaces (cylinders, disks, spheres, ...)
NURBS curves and surfaces
-

● **GLUT:** *OpenGL Utility Toolkit*

toolkit to manage windows and events



→ we will use *Swing* and *AWT* instead.

Installing JOGL on Windows

- if not done already, install Java JDK and JRE

for example from files: **jdk-6u23-windows-x64.exe**
jre-6u23-windows-x64.exe

- install JOGL on Windows 64 bits:

download from <http://jogamp.org/deployment/autobuilds/master/>

→ open most recent folder **jogl-b*******

for example: **jogl-b269-2011-01-22_00-21-39/**

→ download **jogl-2.0-b269-20110122-windows-amd64.zip**
(jogl-2.0-b269-20110122-windows-i586.zip for Windows 32 bits)

unzip this file

→ put the files inside it into the folder **C:\JOGL2** on your PC

You now have in **C:\JOGL2** the files:

artifact.properties
CHANGELOG.txt
etc
jar
jnlp-files
lib
LICENSE.txt
README.txt
Userguide.html
VERSION.txt

- *update system variables:*

Computer → Properties → Advanced system settings → Environment Variables

edit system variable **Path** and add at the end of it:

;C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.6.0_23\bin;C:\JOGL2\lib

create new system variable **CLASSPATH** with:

**.;C:\JOGL2\jar\jogl.all.jar
;C:\JOGL2\jar\nativewindow.all.jar
;C:\JOGL2\jar\gluegen-rt.jar
;C:\JOGL2\jar\newt.all.jar**

- *compile the java program:*

javac P.java
or
javac -O P.java (optimization)

- *run the java program:*

java -Dsun.java2d.noddraw=true P

- *import statements:* (include them at the beginning of **P.java**)

```
import java.awt.*; import java.awt.event.*;
import javax.swing.*; import javax.swing.event.*;

import javax.media.opengl.*; import javax.media.opengl.glu.*;
import javax.media.opengl.fixedfunc.*; import javax.media.opengl.awt.*;
```

JOGL connection to Java: JOGL event listener

JOGL is event driven:

- ***drawing panel*** defined as a subclass of **GLJPanel**
- ***event listener*** **GLEventListener** added to the drawing panel
→ 4 ***event methods*** defined inside **GLEventListener** :

- init*** : called only once when *JOGL* context is initialized
= use it for one-time initialization tasks
- reshape*** : called at the beginning after **init** and each time the panel (i.e. the frame) is resized
= use it to set the *viewport* and *projection transformations*
- display*** : called each time the drawing panel is (re)painted (especially after **p.repaint()**)
= use it to:
 - set the *viewing* and *modeling transformations*
 - specify the 3D objects that must be displayed
 - flush the drawing buffer
- dispose*** : called at the end, just before *JOGL* context is destroyed
= seldom used in practice → we will define it with an empty body {}

- ***common argument*** for these event methods:

GLAutoDrawable drawable (*similar to Graphics g of paintComponent*)

→ **GL2 gl = drawable.getGL().getGL2();** (*similar to Graphics2D g2 = (Graphics2D)g;*)

we will apply most instructions over **gl** , the others will be applied over **glu**
(*similar to 2D instructions applied over g or g2*)

- ***extra arguments*** for **reshape** : **int x , int y , int w , int h** (**w×h** updated panel size)

template:

```

class Gui
{
    .....

    class DrawingPanel extends GLJPanel
    {
        GLU glu; GLUquadric quad; to use the GLU library

        DrawingPanel()
        { super(new GLCapabilities(GLProfile.getDefault());

            this.addGLEventListener(new GLEventListener()
            {
                public void init(GLAutoDrawable drawable)
                { GL2 gl = drawable.getGL().getGL20();
                    gl.glClearColor(1.0f , 1.0f , 1.0f , 0.0f); define the clearing color
                    .....
                }

                public void reshape(GLAutoDrawable drawable , int x , int y , int w , int h)
                { GL2 gl = drawable.getGL().getGL20();
                    .....
                }

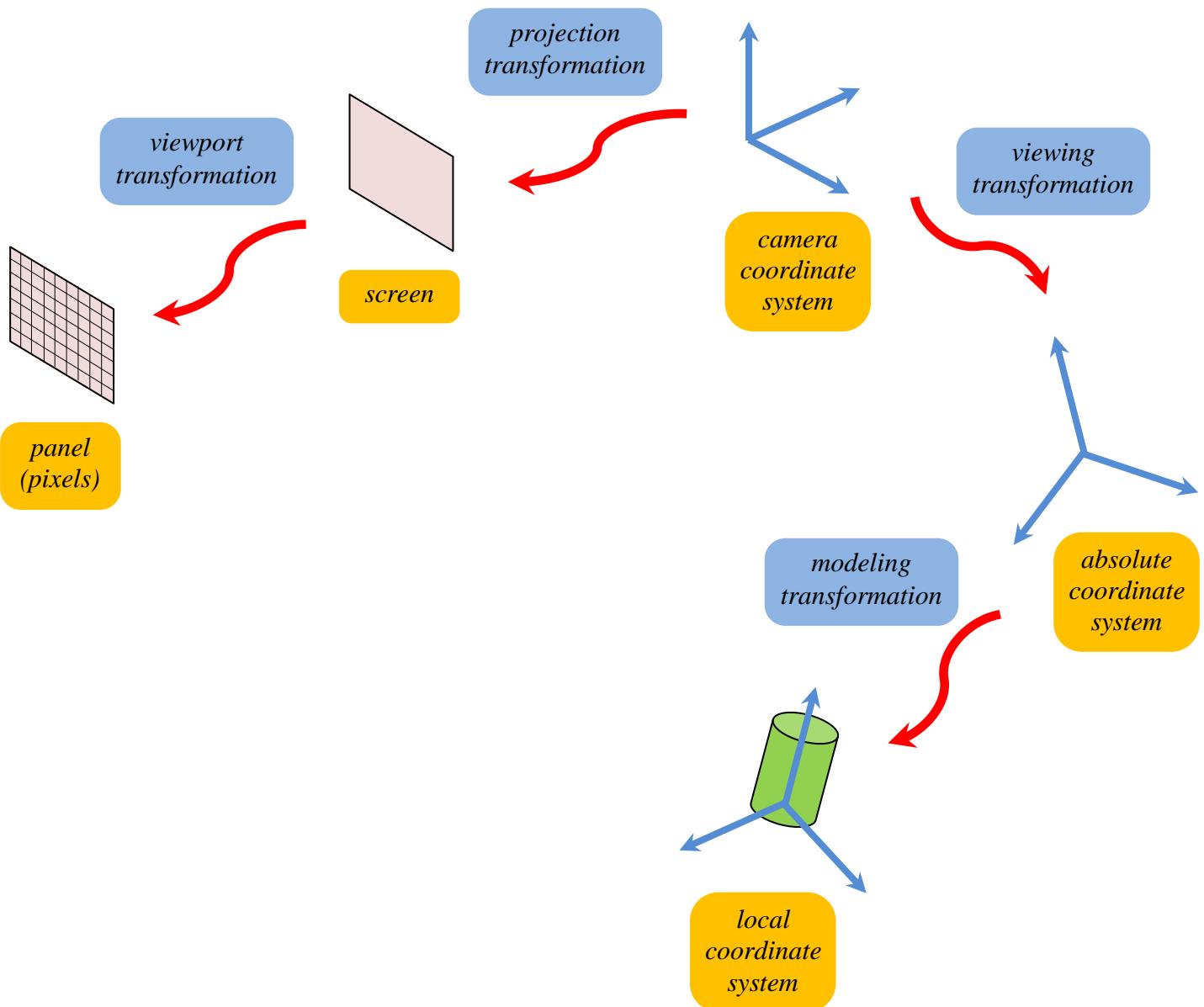
                public void display(GLAutoDrawable drawable)
                { GL2 gl = drawable.getGL().getGL20();
                    gl.glClear(GL.GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT); clear the panel
                    .....
                    gl.glFlush(); flush the drawing buffer
                }

                public void dispose(GLAutoDrawable drawable)
                {}
            } );
        }

        Gui()
        {
            p = new DrawingPanel();
            .....
        }
    }
}

```

Geometric transformations



- inside **reshape**: { *viewport transformation*
 projection transformation }
- inside **display**: { *viewing transformation*
 modeling transformation }

- { **projection matrix**: *projection transformation*
modelview matrix: *viewing transformation - modeling transformation* }

viewport transformation:

```
gl.glViewport(0 , 0 , w , h);
```

inside reshape,

specify the width **w** and height **h** of the panel (in pixels)

projection transformation:

```
glu = new GLU();
```

inside init,

create glu object

inside reshape,

the current matrix becomes the **projection matrix**

```
gl.glMatrixMode(GLMatrixFunc.GL_PROJECTION);
```

```
gl.glLoadIdentity();
```

the current matrix is set to **identity matrix**

```
glu.gluPerspective(60.0f , (float) w / h , 1.0f , 10000.0f);
```

the current matrix is multiplied by matrix expressing perspective:

field of view = angle in degrees= 60°
ratio width / height of the panel
minimal distance, maximal distance
→ objects not within these distances will be clipped

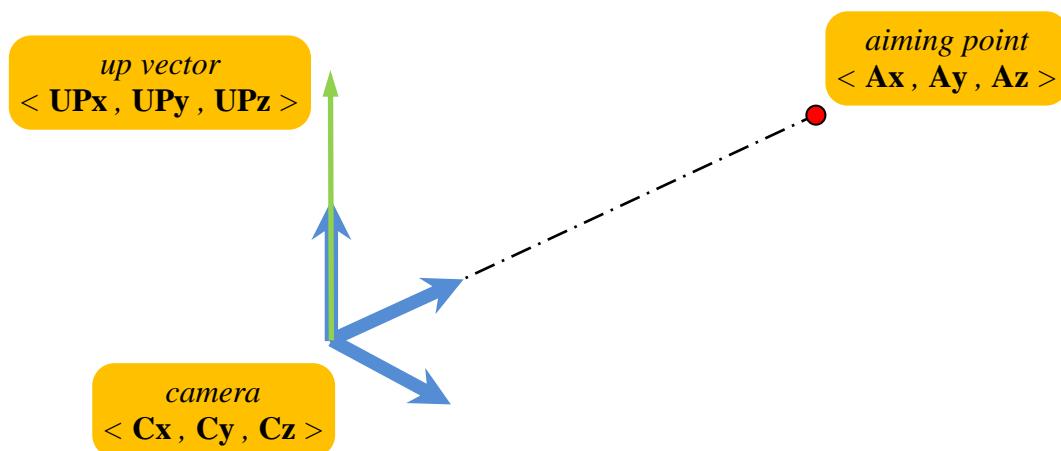


all arguments of **gluPerspective** must be of type **float**

viewing transformation:

geometric transformation from *camera coordinate system* to *absolute coordinate system*

- *camera oriented toward aiming point:*



```
gl.glMatrixMode(GLMatrixFunc.GL_MODELVIEW);
gl.glLoadIdentity();
glu.gluLookAt(Cx , Cy , Cz , Ax , Ay , Az , UPx , UPy , UPz);
```

*inside display,
the current matrix becomes
the modelview matrix*

*the current matrix is
set to identity matrix*

*the current matrix is multiplied by
matrix expressing position
and orientation of camera*



all arguments of **gluLookAt** must be of type **float**

- camera oriented according to roll, pitch, yaw angles:

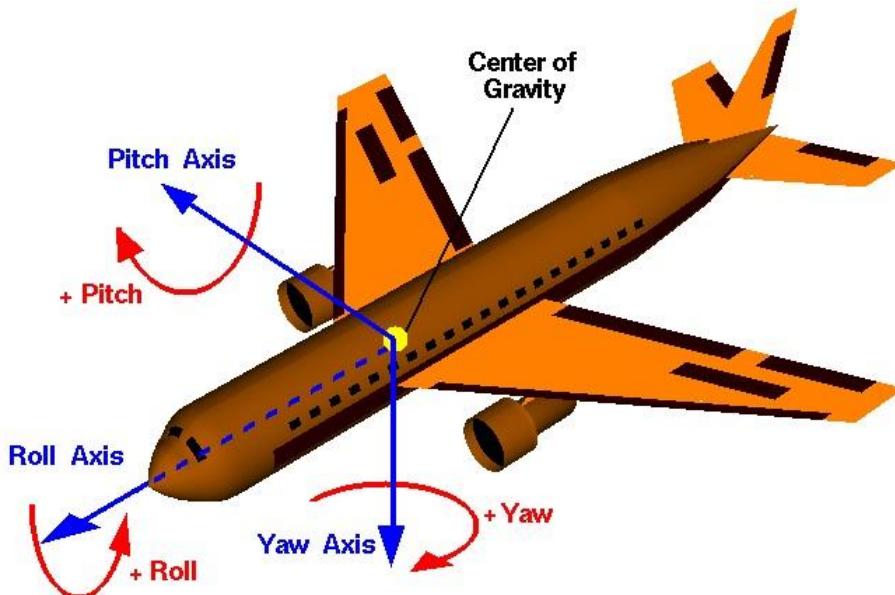


Figure courtesy
of NASA, Wikipedia

```
gl.glMatrixMode(GLMatrixFunc.GL_MODELVIEW);
```

the current matrix is set to identity matrix

```
gl.glLoadIdentity();
```

the current matrix is multiplied by matrix of rotation around local z axis

```
gl.glRotatef(Croll , 0.0f , 0.0f , 1.0f);
```

the current matrix is multiplied by matrix of rotation around local x axis

```
gl.glRotatef(Cpitch , 1.0f , 0.0f , 0.0f);
```

the current matrix is multiplied by matrix of rotation around local y axis

```
gl.glRotatef(Cyaw , 0.0f , 1.0f , 0.0f);
```

the current matrix is multiplied by matrix of translation from camera to origin of absolute coordinate system

```
gl.glTranslatef( - Cx, - Cy, - Cz);
```



all arguments of **glRotatef** and **glTranslatef** must be of type **float**

modeling transformation:

geometric transformation from *absolute coordinate system* to each *local coordinate system* where some 3D objects are defined

→ sequence of *translations, rotations and scalings*

*inside display,
the current matrix becomes
the modelview matrix*

```
gl.glMatrixMode(GL_MODELVIEW);
```

first, specify the viewing transformation

*then, succession of translations,
rotations and scalings:*

```
gl.glTranslatef(delta_x , delta_y , delta_z);
```

```
gl.glRotatef(angle in degrees , vx , vy , vz);
```

```
gl.glScalef(scale_x , scale_y , scale_z);
```

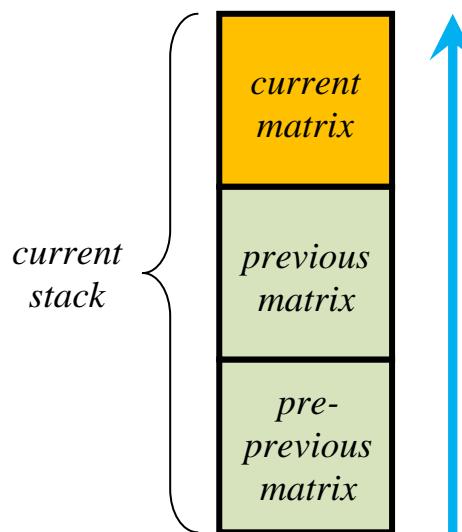


rotation around vector following the "*corkscrew rule*"

modelview matrix stack ; projection matrix stack:

current matrix = top matrix of the **current matrix stack**

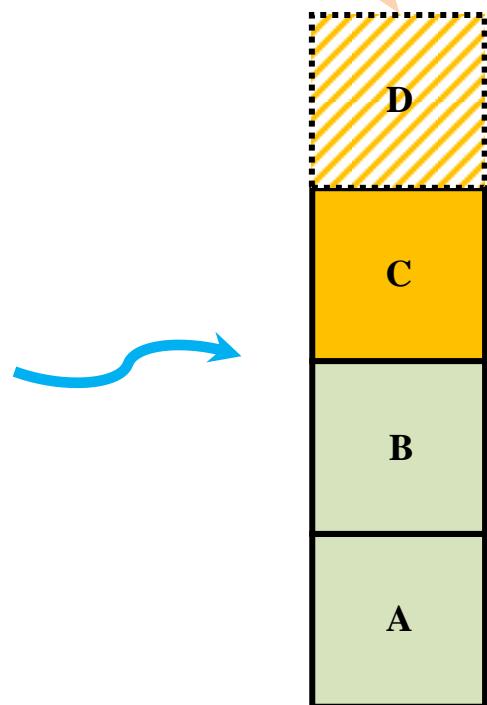
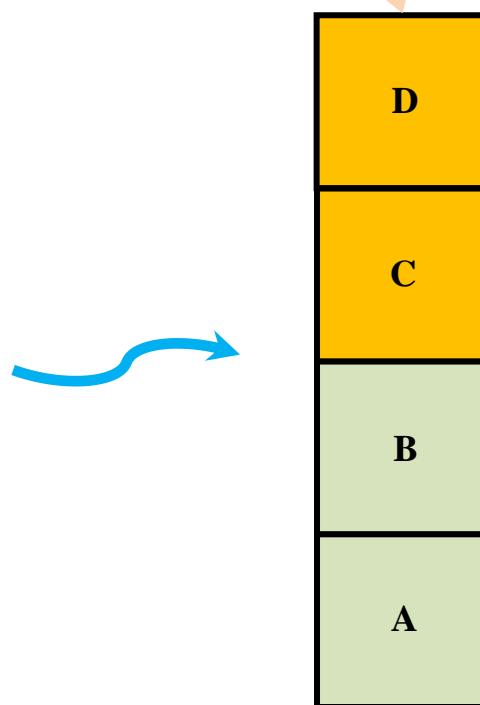
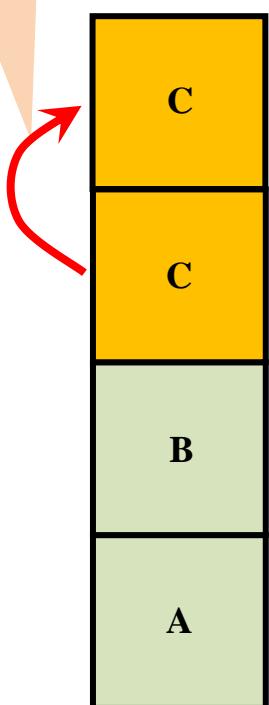
modelview matrix stack
 or
projection matrix stack
 (chosen with **glMatrixMode**)



gl.glPushMatrix();
 → the top matrix
 is duplicated

rotations, translations, scalings
 applied over the top matrix

gl.glPopMatrix();
 → the top matrix
 is popped off



Geometric modeling with GLU library

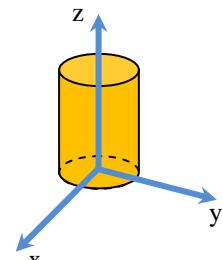
● inside **init** :

```
glu = new GLU();
quad = glu.gluNewQuadric();
```

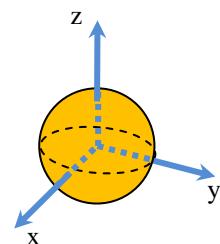
some ready-made objects in GLU library:

● inside **display** :

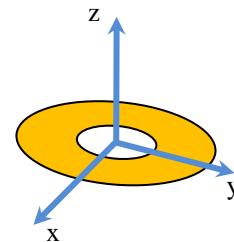
```
glu.gluCylinder(quad , base_radius , top_radius , height
                 , n_slices , n_loops);
```



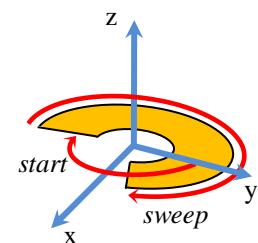
```
glu.gluSphere(quad , radius
               , n_slices , n_loops);
```



```
glu.gluDisk(quad , inner_radius , outer_radius
            , n_slices , n_loops);
```



```
glu.gluPartialDisk(quad , inner , outer
                     , n_slices , n_loops
                     , start_angle , sweep_angle);
```



n_slices, n_loops define the { wireframe
the grid of facets } that represents the surface



n_slices, n_loops are of type **int**, other arguments (except **quad**) are of type **float**

drawing style:

```
glu.gluQuadricDrawStyle(quad , style);
```

style = {

- GLU.GLU_POINT
- or GLU.GLU_LINE (*wireframe rendering*)
- or GLU.GLU_SILHOUETTE
- or GLU.GLU_FILL (*surface rendering*)

shading model:

```
glu.gluQuadricNormals(quad , normal);
```

normal = {

- GLU.GLU_NONE (default)
- or GLU.GLU_FLAT (color constant over each facet)
- or GLU.GLU_SMOOTH (color interpolated over each facet)
 - only for surface rendering*

color:

```
glColor4f(red , green , blue , alpha);
```

0.0f → transparent
1.0f → opaque

4 float arguments
from 0.0f to 1.0f

template:

```
class DrawingPanel extends GLJPanel
{
    GLU glu;  GLUquadric quad;
    .....

    public void init(GLAutoDrawable drawable)
    {
        .....

        glu = new GLU();
        quad = glu.gluNewQuadric();
        glu.gluQuadricDrawStyle(quad , GLU.GLU_LINE);
        glu.gluQuadricNormals(quad , GLU.GLU_SMOOTH);
        .....

    }

    public void display(GLAutoDrawable drawable)
    {
        .....
        glColor4f(1.0f , 0.0f , 0.0f , 1.0f);
        glu.gluSphere(quad , 10.0f , 20 , 20);

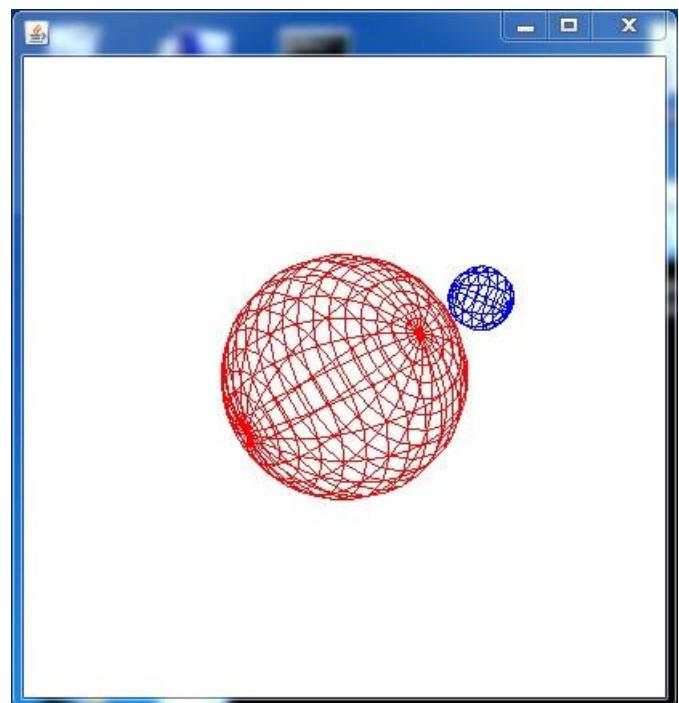
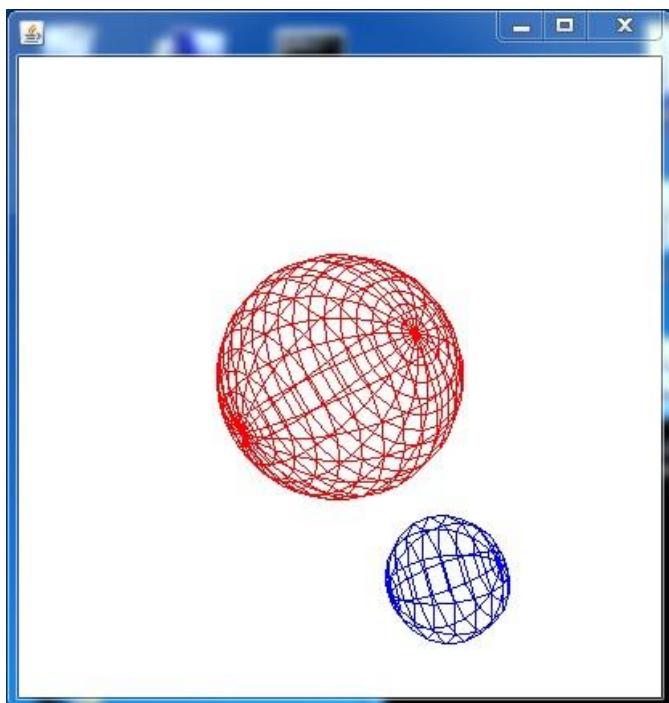
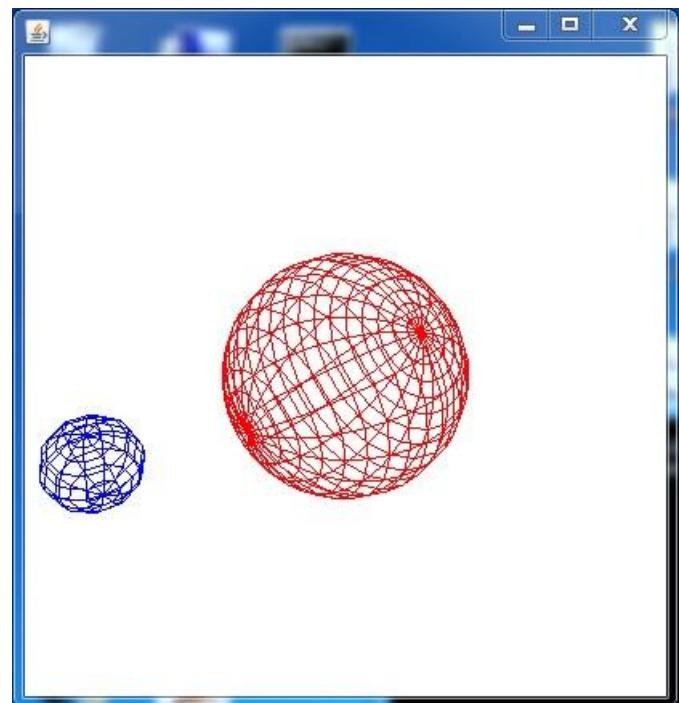
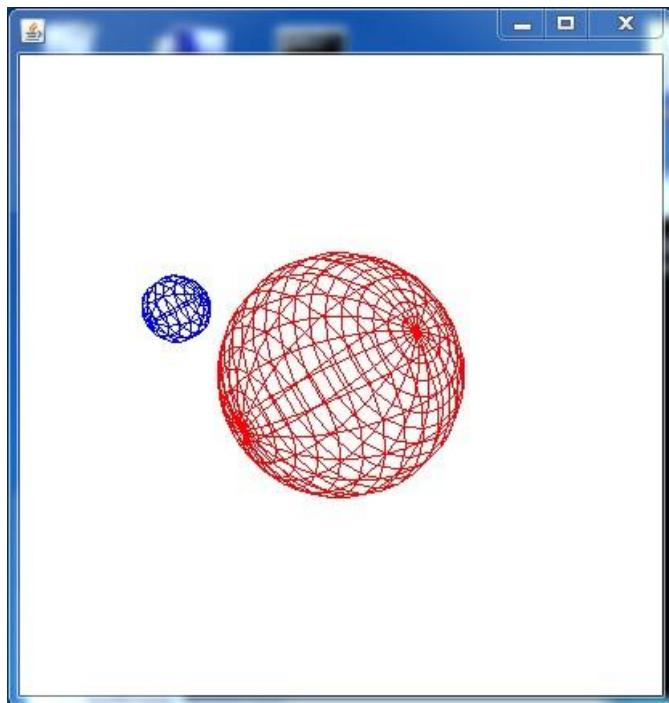
        glColor4f(0.0f , 0.0f , 1.0f , 1.0f);
        glu.gluCylinder(quad , 4.0f , 2.0f , 20.0f , 20 , 20);
        .....
    }
}
```

only for surface rendering

Examples with GLU objects and wireframe rendering



example 1: planet and satellite - animation loop - wireframe rendering



example 1: (continued)

```

import java.awt.*; import java.awt.event.*;
import javax.swing.*; import javax.swing.event.*;
import javax.media.opengl.*; import javax.media.opengl.glu.*;
import javax.media.opengl.fixedfunc.*; import javax.media.opengl.awt.*;

public class P
{ public static void main(String[] arg)
  { Gui gui = new Gui();

    long dt = 100; // 0.1s
    while (true)
    {
      long t_start = System.currentTimeMillis();

      gui.alpha += 2.0; gui.f.repaint();

      long dt_real = System.currentTimeMillis() - t_start;
      if (dt_real < dt) try {Thread.sleep(dt - dt_real);} catch(InterruptedException e){}
        else System.out.println("PC too slow; please increase dt");
    }
  }
}

class Gui
{
  JFrame f; DrawingPanel p;
  float dx = 30 , alpha = 0;

  class DrawingPanel extends GLJPanel
  {
    GLU glu; GLUquadric quad;

    DrawingPanel()
    {
      super(new GLCapabilities(GLProfile.getDefault()));

      this.addGLEventListener(new GLEventListener()
      {
        public void init(GLAutoDrawable drawable) //*** INIT
        {
          GL2 gl = drawable.getGL().getGL2();

          glu = new GLU();
          quad = glu.gluNewQuadric(); glu.gluQuadricDrawStyle(quad , GLU.GLU_LINE);

          gl.glClearColor(1.0f , 1.0f , 1.0f , 0.0f);
        }
      });
    }
  }
}

```

example 1: (continued)

```

public void reshape(GLAutoDrawable drawable , int x , int y , int w , int h) //*** RESHAPE
{
    GL2 gl = drawable.getGL().getGL2();

    gl.glViewport(0 , 0 , w , h);

    gl.glMatrixMode(GLMatrixFunc.GL_PROJECTION);
    gl.glLoadIdentity(); glu.gluPerspective(60.0f ,(float) w / h , 1.0f , 10000.0f);
}

public void display(GLAutoDrawable drawable) //*** DISPLAY
{
    GL2 gl = drawable.getGL().getGL2();

    gl.glClear(GL.GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);
    gl.glMatrixMode(GLMatrixFunc.GL_MODELVIEW);
    gl.glLoadIdentity(); glu.gluLookAt(40.0f , 40.0f , 40.0f , 0.0f , 0.0f , 0.0f , 0.0f , 1.0f , 0.0f);

    gl glColor4f(1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f , 1.0f); glu.gluSphere(quad , 15.0f , 20 , 20);

    gl glRotatef(alpha , 0.0f , 1.0f , 0.0f); gl.glTranslatef(dx , 0f , 0f);

    gl glColor4f(0.0f, 0.0f, 1.0f , 1.0f); glu.gluSphere(quad , 5.0f , 10 , 10);

    gl.glFlush();
}

public void dispose(GLAutoDrawable drawable) //*** DISPOSE
{
}

}

}

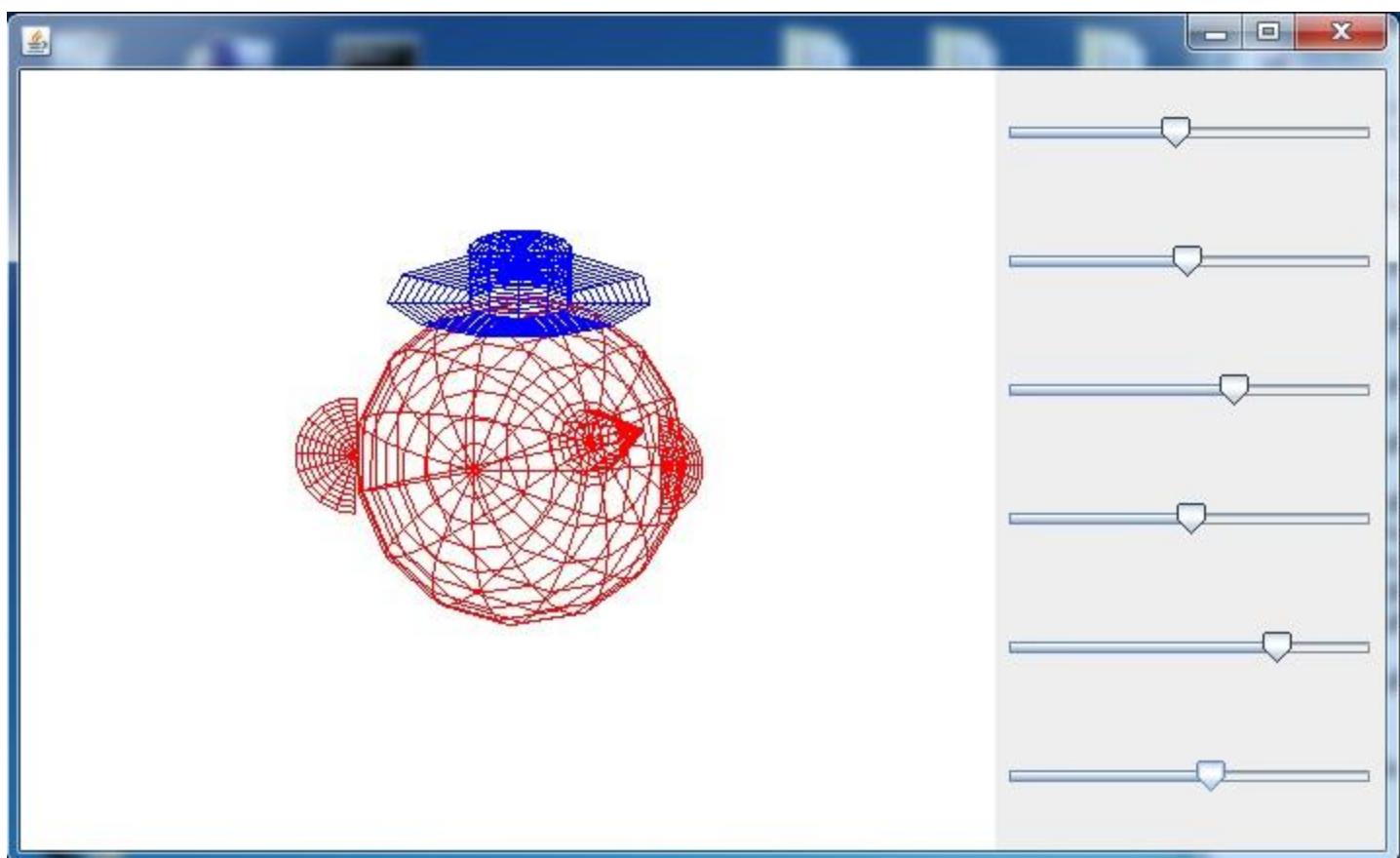
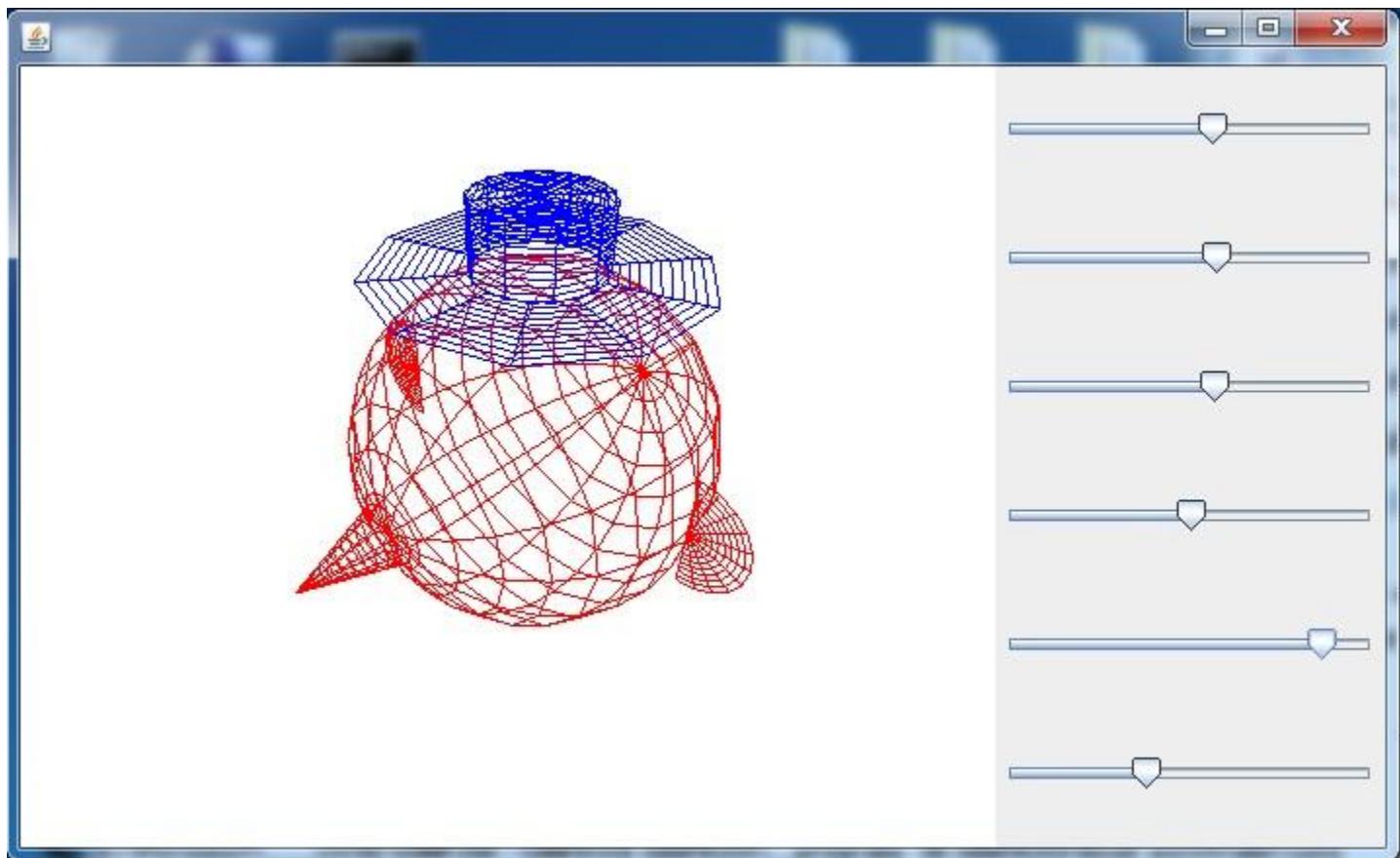
Gui()
{
    f = new JFrame(); f.setFocusable(true); f.setVisible(true);
    p = new DrawingPanel(); f.getContentPane().add(p , BorderLayout.CENTER);

    f.setSize(new Dimension(400 + 16 , 400 + 38));
}
}

```



example 2: head with hat - roll, pitch, yaw camera orientation



example 2: (continued)

```

class Gui
{
    JFrame f; DrawingPanel p;

    float Cx =80, Cy = 80, Cz = 80, Croll = 0 , Cpitch = 45 , Cyaw = -45;
    JPanel psC; JSlider sCx , sCy , sCz , sCroll , sCpitch , sCyaw;

    class DrawingPanel extends GLJPanel
    {
        GLU glu; GLUquadric quad;

        DrawingPanel()
        {
            super(new GLCapabilities(GLProfile.getDefault()));

            this.addGLEventListener(new GLEventListener()
            {
                public void init(GLAutoDrawable drawable) //*** INIT
                {
                    GL2 gl = drawable.getGL().getGL2();

                    glu = new GLU(); quad = glu.gluNewQuadric();
                    glu.gluQuadricDrawStyle(quad , GLU.GLU_LINE);

                    gl.glClearColor(1.0f , 1.0f , 1.0f , 0.0f);
                }

                public void reshape(GLAutoDrawable drawable , int x , int y , int w , int h) //*** RESHAPE
                {
                    GL2 gl = drawable.getGL().getGL2();

                    gl.glViewport(0 , 0 , w , h);

                    gl.glMatrixMode(GLMatrixFunc.GL_PROJECTION);
                    gl.glLoadIdentity(); glu.gluPerspective(60.0f , (float) w / h , 1.0f , 10000.0f);
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

```

example 2: (continued)

```
public void display(GLAutoDrawable drawable) //*** DISPLAY
{
    GL2 gl = drawable.getGL().getGL2();

    gl.glClear(GL.GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);

    gl.glMatrixMode(GLMatrixFunc.GL_MODELVIEW);     //// CAMERA
    gl.glLoadIdentity();
    gl.glRotatef(Croll , 0.0f , 0.0f , 1.0f);
    gl.glRotatef(Cpitch , 1.0f , 0.0f , 0.0f);
    gl.glRotatef(Cyaw , 0.0f , 1.0f , 0.0f);
    gl.glTranslatef( - Cx, - Cy, - Cz);

    gl glColor4f(1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f , 1.0f);      //// HEAD

    glu.gluSphere(quad , 30.0f , 15 , 15);

    gl.glPushMatrix();  gl.glTranslatef(0.0f , 0.0f , 30.0f);
    glu.gluCylinder(quad , 5.0f , 0.0f , 15.0f , 10 , 10);  gl.glPopMatrix();

    gl.glPushMatrix();  gl.glTranslatef(30.0f , 0.0f , 0.0f);
    glu.gluPartialDisk(quad , 0.0f , 10.0f , 10 , 10 , 0.0f , +180.0f);  gl.glPopMatrix();

    gl glColor4f(0.0f, 0.0f, 1.0f , 1.0f);      //// HAT

    gl.glPushMatrix();  gl.glTranslatef(0.0f , 30.0f , 0.0f);  gl.glRotatef(-90.0f , 1.0f , 0.0f , 0.0f);
    glu.gluDisk(quad , 10.0f , 25.0f , 10 , 10);
    glu.gluCylinder(quad , 10.0f , 10.0f , 10.0f , 10 , 10);

    gl.glPushMatrix();  gl.glTranslatef(0.0f , 0.0f , 10.0f);
    glu.gluDisk(quad , 0.0f , 10.0f , 10 , 10);  gl.glPopMatrix();

    gl.glPopMatrix();

    gl.glFlush();
}

public void dispose(GLAutoDrawable drawable) //*** DISPOSE
{
}
}
```

example 2: (continued)

```

Gui()
{
    f = new JFrame();  f.setFocusable(true);  f.setVisible(true);
    p = new DrawingPanel();  f.getContentPane().add(p , BorderLayout.CENTER);

    //----- CAMERA
    psC = new JPanel();  psC.setLayout(new GridLayout(0 , 1));
    f.getContentPane().add(psC , BorderLayout.EAST);

    sCx = new JSlider(JSlider.HORIZONTAL , -200 , +200 , 80);  psC.add(sCx);
    sCy = new JSlider(JSlider.HORIZONTAL , -200 , +200 , 80);  psC.add(sCy);
    sCz = new JSlider(JSlider.HORIZONTAL , -200 , +200 , 80);  psC.add(sCz);

    sCroll = new JSlider(JSlider.HORIZONTAL , -180 , +180 , 0);  psC.add(sCroll);
    sCpitch = new JSlider(JSlider.HORIZONTAL , -270 , +90 , 45);  psC.add(sCpitch);
    sCyaw = new JSlider(JSlider.HORIZONTAL , -180 , +180 , -45);  psC.add(sCyaw);

    sCx.addChangeListener( . . . . . { Cx = sCx.getValue();  f.repaint(); } );
    sCy.addChangeListener( . . . . . { Cy = sCy.getValue();  f.repaint(); } );
    sCz.addChangeListener( . . . . . { Cz = sCz.getValue();  f.repaint(); } );

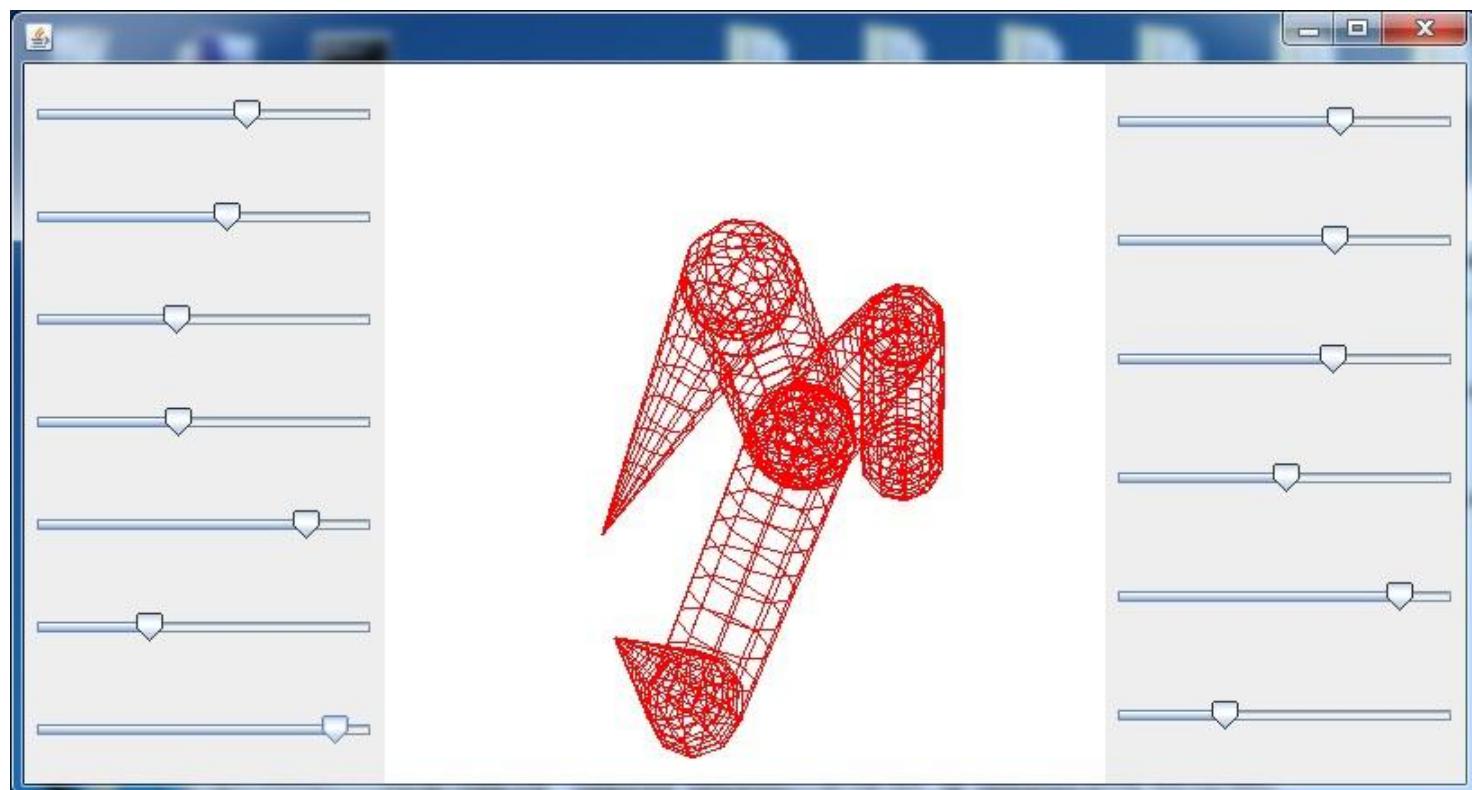
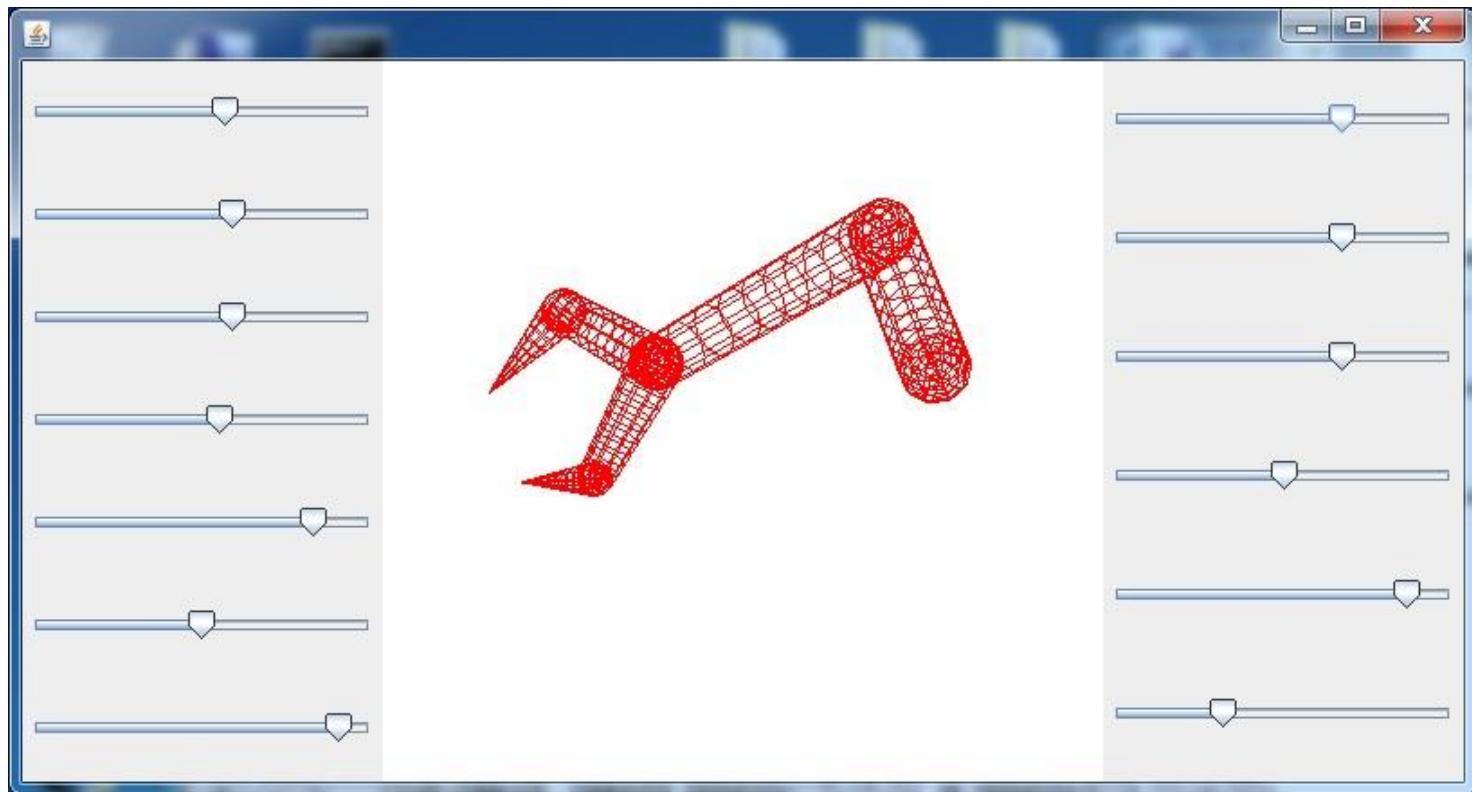
    sCroll.addChangeListener( . . . . . { Croll = sCroll.getValue();  f.repaint(); } );
    sCpitch.addChangeListener( . . . . . { Cpitch = sCpitch.getValue();  f.repaint(); } );
    sCyaw.addChangeListener( . . . . . { Cyaw = sCyaw.getValue();  f.repaint(); } );

    f.setSize(new Dimension(800 + 16 , 400 + 38));
}
}

```



example 3: robotic arm - roll, pitch, yaw camera orientation



example 3: (continued)

```

class Gui
{
    JFrame f; DrawingPanel p;

    float Cx =260, Cy = 260, Cz = 260, Croll = 0 , Cpitch = 45 , Cyaw = -45;
    JPanel psC; JSlider sCx , sCy , sCz , sCroll , sCpitch , sCyaw;

    float a_ = 0 , a0 = 0 , a1 = 0 , a2 = 0 , a3 = 0 , a4 = 0 , a5 = 0;
    float b0 = 110 , b1 = 90 , b2 = 30 , b3 = 20 , b4 = 30 , b5 = 20;
    float r0 = 16 , r1 = 10 , r2 = 6 , r3 = 4 , r4 = 6 , r5 = 4;
    JPanel ps; JSlider sa_ , sa0 , sa1 , sa2 , sa3 , sa4 , sa5;

class DrawingPanel extends GLJPanel
{
    GLU glu; GLUquadric quad;

    DrawingPanel()
    {
        super(new GLCapabilities(GLProfile.getDefault()));

        this.addGLEventListener(new GLEventListener()
        {
            public void init(GLAutoDrawable drawable) //*** INIT
            {
                GL2 gl = drawable.getGL().getGL2();

                glu = new GLU(); quad = glu.gluNewQuadric();
                glu.gluQuadricDrawStyle(quad , GLU.GLU_LINE);

                gl.glClearColor(1.0f , 1.0f , 1.0f , 0.0f);
            }

            public void reshape(GLAutoDrawable drawable , int x , int y , int w , int h) //*** RESHAPE
            {
                GL2 gl = drawable.getGL().getGL2();

                gl.glViewport(0 , 0 , w , h);

                gl.glMatrixMode(GLMatrixFunc.GL_PROJECTION);
                gl.glLoadIdentity(); glu.gluPerspective(60.0f , (float) w / h , 1.0f , 10000.0f);
            }
        }
    }
}

```

example 3: (continued)

```
public void display(GLAutoDrawable drawable) //*** DISPLAY
{
    GL2 gl = drawable.getGL().getGL2();

    gl.glClear(GL.GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);

    gl.glMatrixMode(GLMatrixFunc.GL_MODELVIEW);      //// CAMERA
    gl.glLoadIdentity();
    gl.glRotatef(Croll , 0.0f , 0.0f , 1.0f);
    gl.glRotatef(Cpitch , 1.0f , 0.0f , 0.0f);
    gl.glRotatef(Cyaw , 0.0f , 1.0f , 0.0f);
    gl.glTranslatef( - Cx, - Cy, - Cz);

    gl glColor4f(1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f , 1.0f);           //// ROBOTIC ARM

    gl.glRotatef(a_ , 0.0f , 1.0f , 0.0f);   gl.glRotatef( - a0 , 1.0f , 0.0f , 0.0f);
    glu.gluSphere(quad , r0 , 10 , 10);   glu.gluCylinder(quad , r0 , r1 , b0 , 10 , 10);

    gl.glTranslatef(0f , 0f , b0);   gl.glRotatef(a1 , 1.0f , 0.0f , 0.0f);
    glu.gluSphere(quad , r1 , 10 , 10);   glu.gluCylinder(quad , r1 , r2 , b1 , 10 , 10);

    gl.glTranslatef(0f , 0f , b1);

    gl.glPushMatrix();

    gl.glRotatef( - a2 , 1.0f , 0.0f , 0.0f);
    glu.gluSphere(quad , r2 , 10 , 10);   glu.gluCylinder(quad , r2 , r3 , b2 , 10 , 10);

    gl.glTranslatef(0f , 0f , b2);   gl.glRotatef(a3 , 1.0f , 0.0f , 0.0f);
    glu.gluSphere(quad , r3 , 10 , 10);   glu.gluCylinder(quad , r3 , 0.0f , b3 , 10 , 10);

    gl.glPopMatrix();

    gl.glRotatef(a4 , 1.0f , 0.0f , 0.0f);
    glu.gluSphere(quad , r4 , 10 , 10);   glu.gluCylinder(quad , r4 , r5 , b4 , 10 , 10);

    gl.glTranslatef(0f , 0f , b4);   gl.glRotatef( - a5 , 1.0f , 0.0f , 0.0f);
    glu.gluSphere(quad , r5 , 10 , 10);   glu.gluCylinder(quad , r5 , 0.0f , b5 , 10 , 10);

    gl.glFlush();
}

public void dispose(GLAutoDrawable drawable) //*** DISPOSE
{
}
}
```

example 3: (continued)

```

Gui()
{
    f = new JFrame();  f.setFocusable(true);  f.setVisible(true);
    p = new DrawingPanel();  f.getContentPane().add(p , BorderLayout.CENTER);

    //----- CAMERA
    psC = new JPanel();  psC.setLayout(new GridLayout(0 , 1));
    f.getContentPane().add(psC , BorderLayout.EAST);

    sCx = new JSlider(JSlider.HORIZONTAL , -500 , +500 , 260);  psC.add(sCx);
    sCy = new JSlider(JSlider.HORIZONTAL , -500 , +500 , 260);  psC.add(sCy);
    sCz = new JSlider(JSlider.HORIZONTAL , -500 , +500 , 260);  psC.add(sCz);

    sCroll = new JSlider(JSlider.HORIZONTAL , -180 , +180 , 0);  psC.add(sCroll);
    sCpitch = new JSlider(JSlider.HORIZONTAL , -270 , +90 , 45);  psC.add(sCpitch);
    sCyaw = new JSlider(JSlider.HORIZONTAL , -180 , +180 , -45);  psC.add(sCyaw);

    sCx.addChangeListener( . . . . . { Cx = sCx.getValue();  f.repaint(); } );
    sCy.addChangeListener( . . . . . { Cy = sCy.getValue();  f.repaint(); } );
    sCz.addChangeListener( . . . . . { Cz = sCz.getValue();  f.repaint(); } );

    sCroll.addChangeListener( . . . . . { Croll = sCroll.getValue();  f.repaint(); } );
    sCpitch.addChangeListener( . . . . . { Cpitch = sCpitch.getValue();  f.repaint(); } );
    sCyaw.addChangeListener( . . . . . { Cyaw = sCyaw.getValue();  f.repaint(); } );

    //----- ROBOTIC ARM
    ps = new JPanel();  ps.setLayout(new GridLayout(0 , 1));
    f.getContentPane().add(ps , BorderLayout.WEST);

    sa_ = new JSlider(JSlider.HORIZONTAL , -180 , +180 , 0);  ps.add(sa_);
    sa0 = new JSlider(JSlider.HORIZONTAL , 0 , +90 , 0);  ps.add(sa0);
    sa1 = new JSlider(JSlider.HORIZONTAL , 0 , +90 , 0);  ps.add(sa1);
    sa2 = new JSlider(JSlider.HORIZONTAL , 0 , +90 , 0);  ps.add(sa2);
    sa3 = new JSlider(JSlider.HORIZONTAL , 0 , +90 , 0);  ps.add(sa3);
    sa4 = new JSlider(JSlider.HORIZONTAL , 0 , +90 , 0);  ps.add(sa4);
    sa5 = new JSlider(JSlider.HORIZONTAL , 0 , +90 , 0);  ps.add(sa5);

    sa_.addChangeListener( . . . . . { a_ = sa_.getValue();  f.repaint(); } );
    sa0.addChangeListener( . . . . . { a0 = sa0.getValue();  f.repaint(); } );
    sa1.addChangeListener( . . . . . { a1 = sa1.getValue();  f.repaint(); } );
    sa2.addChangeListener( . . . . . { a2 = sa2.getValue();  f.repaint(); } );
    sa3.addChangeListener( . . . . . { a3 = sa3.getValue();  f.repaint(); } );
    sa4.addChangeListener( . . . . . { a4 = sa4.getValue();  f.repaint(); } );
    sa5.addChangeListener( . . . . . { a5 = sa5.getValue();  f.repaint(); } );

    f.setSize(new Dimension(800 + 16 , 400 + 38));
}
}

```

Geometric modeling with lines and polygons

we may model a complex surface as an assemblage of *graphic primitives*

graphic primitive = basic surface → we will use polygons: triangles, quadrilaterals, ...

 OpenGL polygons must be flat and convex → use preferentially triangles...

definition of some *graphic primitives*:

- defining a vertex (point):

`gl.glVertex3f(x , y , z);`

or

3 float arguments

`float[] v = { x , y , z };`

`gl.glVertex3fv(v);`

argument: vector of 3 float

- defining a graphic primitive with a succession of vertices:

```
gl.glBegin( graphic primitive );
    gl.glVertex3fv(v0);
    gl.glVertex3fv(v1);
    . . . . . .
    gl.glVertex3fv(vk);
gl.glEnd();
```

graphic primitives described by a sequence of vertices

GL2.GL_POINTS	individual points
GL2.GL_LINES	pairs of vertices interpreted as individual line segments
GL2.GL_LINE_STRIP	series of connected line segments
GL2.GL_LINE_LOOP	series of connected line segments with a segment added between last and first vertices
GL2.GL_TRIANGLES	triples of vertices interpreted as triangles
GL2.GL_TRIANGLE_STRIP	linked strip of triangles
GL2.GL_TRIANGLE_FAN	linked fan of triangles
GL2.GL_QUADS	quadruples of vertices interpreted as four-sided polygons
GL2.GL_QUAD_STRIP	linked strip of quadrilaterals
GL2.GL_POLYGON	boundary of a simple, convex polygon

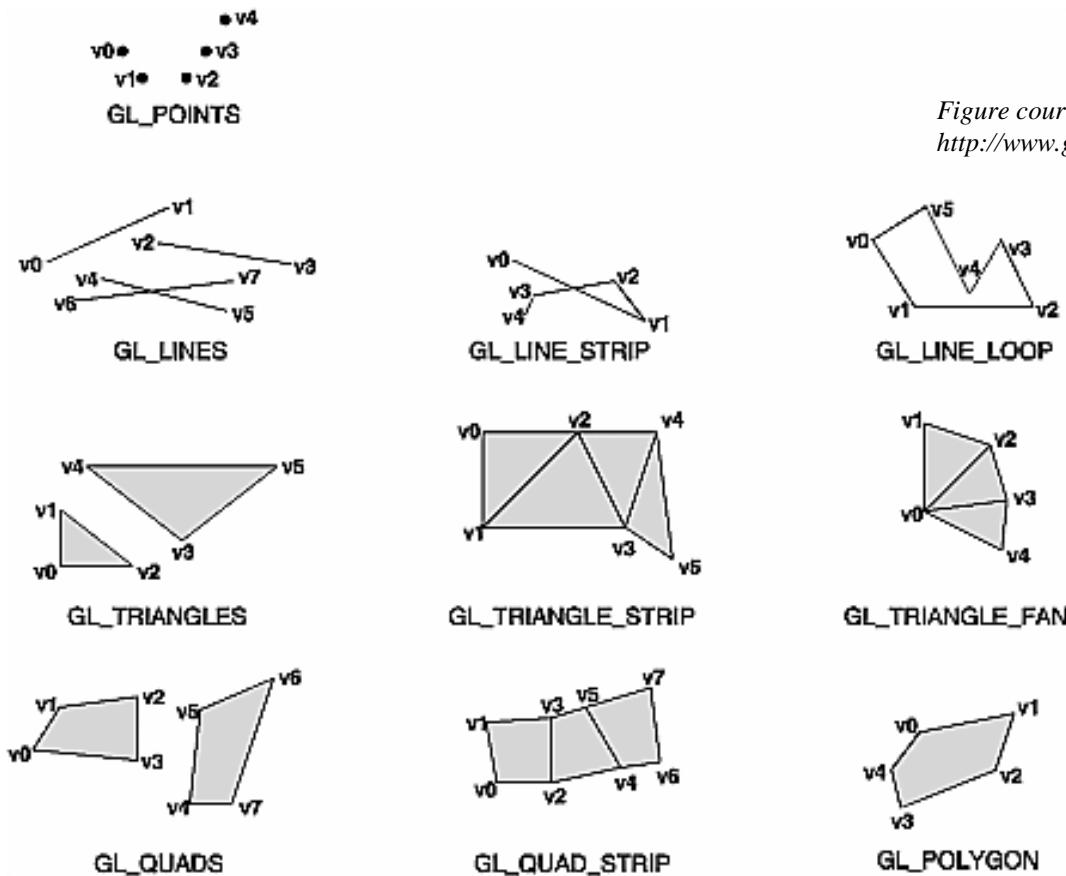


Figure courtesy of
<http://www.glprogramming.com/red/>

normal vectors:

normal vector of a surface: $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{vector } \textit{orthogonal} \text{ to the surface, at each point of this surface} \\ \text{and} \\ \text{unit vector (length 1)} \end{array} \right.$

➊ calculating the coordinates of a normal vector:

assume **u** and **v** are vectors tangent to the surface at a certain point

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{step 1: calculate the vector product } \mathbf{u} \times \mathbf{v} \\ \text{step 2: normalize the resulting vector} \end{array} \right.$

```
n[0] = u[1] * v[2] - u[2] * v[1];
n[1] = u[2] * v[0] - u[0] * v[2];
n[2] = u[0] * v[1] - u[1] * v[0];
```

```
float d = Math.sqrt(n[0] * n[0] + n[1] * n[1] + n[2] * n[2]);
if (d < 1.0e-10) { System.out.println("zero length vector"); System.exit(0); }
n[0] /= d; n[1] /= d; n[2] /= d;
```

➋ setting the current normal vector:

```
gl.glNormal3f(nx , ny , nz);
```

or

3 float arguments

```
float[] n = { nx , ny , nz };
```

```
gl.glNormal3fv(n);
```

argument: vector of 3 float

- assigning normal vectors to the vertices of a graphic primitive:

the normal vector can remain the same for all vertices
or can change for each vertex or group of vertices

```
gl.glBegin( graphic primitive );  
    gl.glNormal3fv(n0);    gl.glVertex3fv(v0);  
    gl.glNormal3fv(n1);    gl.glVertex3fv(v1);  
    . . . . . . .  
    gl.glNormal3fv(nk);    gl.glVertex3fv(vk);  
gl.glEnd();
```

or

```
gl.glBegin( graphic primitive );  
    gl.glNormal3fv(n0);    gl.glVertex3fv(v0);    gl.glVertex3fv(v1);    gl.glVertex3fv(v2);  
    gl.glNormal3fv(n1);    gl.glVertex3fv(v3);  
    gl.glNormal3fv(n2);    gl.glVertex3fv(v4);    . . . . . . . . .    gl.glVertex3fv(vk);  
gl.glEnd();
```

shading model:

```
gl.glShadeModel( normal );
```

normal = {
 GL2.GL_FLAT (color constant over each facet)
 or
 GL2.GL_SMOOTH (color interpolated over each facet)}

Hidden surface removal

OpenGL uses a depth buffer to discard the surfaces or parts of surfaces that are hidden from the camera by other surfaces

- enable depth buffering inside **init** :

```
gl.glEnable(GL.GL_DEPTH_TEST);
```

- clear up the depth buffer at the beginning of **display** :

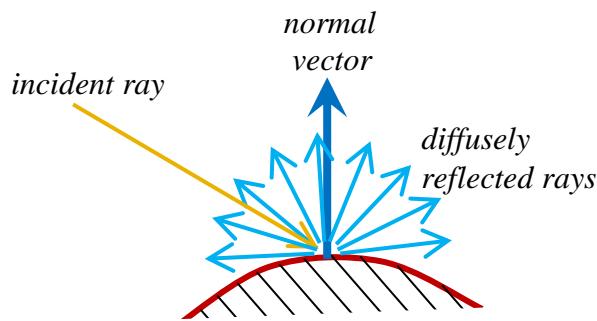
```
gl.glClear(GL.GL_DEPTH_BUFFER_BIT);
```

Lighting and surface rendering

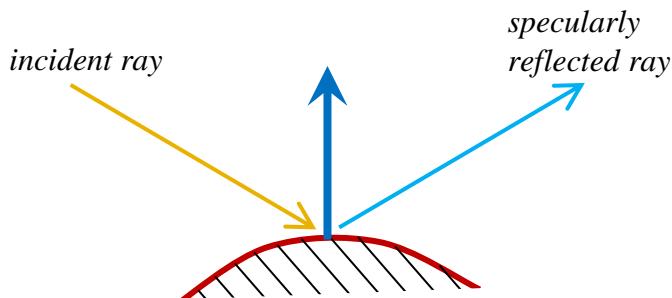
lighting model:

ambient light: uniform all over the scene

diffuse light: due to the diffuse reflections over the surface (*mat surface*)



specular light: due to the specular reflections over the surface (*mirror*)



➊ enable lighting inside **init** :

```
glEnable(GL_LIGHTING);
```

➋ specify global ambient light inside **init** :

```
gl.glLightModelfv( GL2ES1.GL_LIGHT_MODEL_AMBIENT
    , new float[] { 0.2f, 0.2f, 0.2f, 1.0f }
    , 0);
```

material colors:

for a given surface, we must specify which proportion (0.0f to 1.0f) of the red, green, blue of the incoming light is reflected diffusely and specularly

→ the coefficients for diffuse reflection actually determine the color of the surface

note: a green surface is seen as green because it reflects only the green incoming light



if not specified, the specular reflection is absent by default

- inside **display**, before the geometric description of each surface:

for the front and back of the surface

```
gl.glMaterialfv( GL.GL_FRONT_AND_BACK
                  , GLLightingFunc.GL_AMBIENT_AND_DIFFUSE
                  , new float[] { 1.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f, 1.0f }
                  , 0);
```

for the front and back of the surface

```
gl.glMaterialfv( GL.GL_FRONT_AND_BACK
                  , GLLightingFunc.GL_SPECULAR
                  , new float[] { 1.0f, 1.0f, 1.0f, 1.0f }
                  , 0);
```

for the front and back of the surface

```
gl.glMaterialfv( GL.GL_FRONT_AND_BACK
                  , GLLightingFunc.GL_SHININESS
                  , new float[] { 128.0f }
                  , 0);
```

specular exponent :
from 0.0f (as scattered as
diffuse reflection)
to 128.0f (highly concentrated)

light sources:

up to 8 light sources → index 0 to 7

● inside init:

- enable a light source:

```
gl.glEnable(GLLightingFunc.GL_LIGHT0 );
```

0 to 7

● inside display:

- define the position:

```
gl.glLightfv( GLLightingFunc.GL_LIGHT0
              , GLLightingFunc.GL_POSITION
              , new float[]{ x , y , z , w }
              , 0);
```

0.0f → directional
1.0f → positional

- define the ambient, diffuse and specular lights:

```
gl.glLightfv( GLLightingFunc.GL_LIGHT0
              , GLLightingFunc.GL_AMBIENT
              , new float[]{ 0.1f , 0.1f , 0.1f , 1.0f }
              , 0);
```

```
gl.glLightfv( GLLightingFunc.GL_LIGHT0
              , GLLightingFunc.GL_DIFFUSE
              , new float[]{ 1.0f , 1.0f , 1.0f , 1.0f }
              , 0);
```

```
gl.glLightfv( GLLightingFunc.GL_LIGHT0
              , GLLightingFunc.GL_SPECULAR
              , new float[]{ 1.0f , 1.0f , 1.0f , 1.0f }
              , 0);
```

template:

```

class DrawingPanel extends GLJPanel
{
    GLU glu;  GLUquadric quad;
    .....

    public void init(GLAutoDrawable drawable)
    {
        .....

        glEnable(GL_LIGHTING);

        gl.glLightModelfv( GL2ES1.GL_LIGHT_MODEL_AMBIENT
                           , new float[] { 0.2 , 0.2 , 0.2 , 1.0 } , 0);

        gl glEnable(GLLightingFunc.GL_LIGHT0);
        .....

    public void display(GLAutoDrawable drawable)
    {
        .....

        // light source 0
        gl.glLightfv( GLLightingFunc.GL_LIGHT0 , GLLightingFunc.GL_POSITION
                      , new float[]{ 0.0f , 30.0f , 30.0f , 1.0f } , 0);

        gl.glLightfv( GLLightingFunc.GL_LIGHT0 , GLLightingFunc.GL_AMBIENT
                      , new float[] { 0.1f , 0.1f , 0.1f , 1.0f } , 0);

        gl.glLightfv( GLLightingFunc.GL_LIGHT0 , GLLightingFunc.GL_DIFFUSE
                      , new float[] { 1.0f , 1.0f , 1.0f , 1.0f } , 0);

        gl.glLightfv( GLLightingFunc.GL_LIGHT0 , GLLightingFunc.GL_SPECULAR
                      , new float[] { 1.0f , 1.0f , 1.0f , 1.0f } , 0);

        //for each object:
        gl.glMaterialfv( GL.GL_FRONT_AND_BACK
                        , GLLightingFunc.GL_AMBIENT_AND_DIFFUSE
                        , new float[] { 0.1 , 0.5 , 0.8 , 1.0 } , 0);

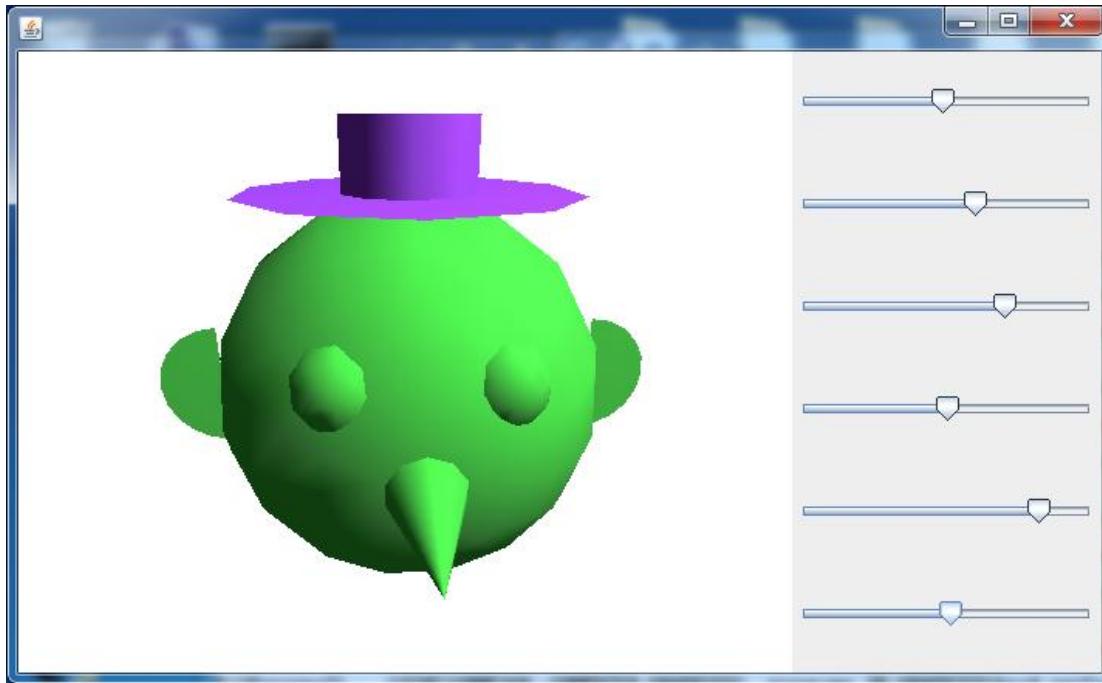
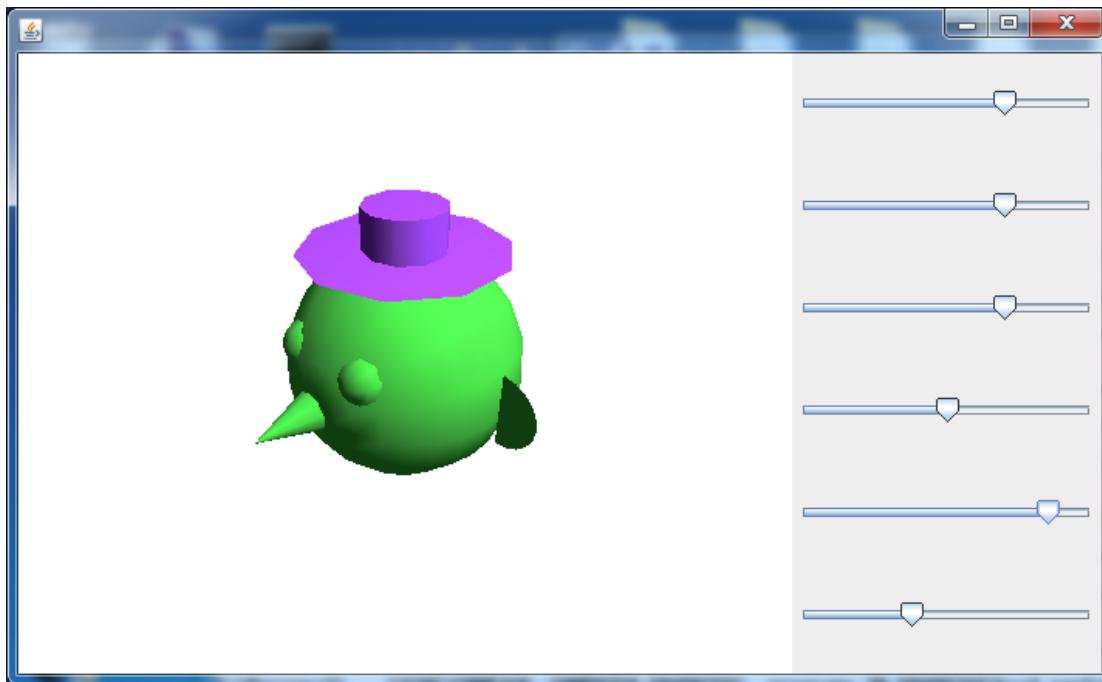
        gl.glMaterialfv( GL.GL_FRONT_AND_BACK , GLLightingFunc.GL_SPECULAR
                        , new float[] { 1.0 , 1.0 , 1.0 , 1.0 } , 0);

        gl.glMaterialfv( GL.GL_FRONT_AND_BACK , GLLightingFunc.GL_SHININESS
                        , new float[] { 128.0f } , 0);
        .....
    }
}

```

Examples with lighting and surface rendering

 example 1: head with hat - previous example modified for surface rendering



example 1: (continued)

```

class Gui
{
    . . . . . .
    class DrawingPanel extends GLJPanel
    {
        GLU glu; GLUquadric quad;

        DrawingPanel()
        {
            super(new GLCapabilities(GLProfile.getDefault()));

            this.addGLEventListener(new GLEventListener()
            {
                public void init(GLAutoDrawable drawable) //*** INIT
                {
                    GL2 gl = drawable.getGL().getGL2();

                    glu = new GLU(); quad = glu.gluNewQuadric();
                    glu.gluQuadricDrawStyle(quad, GLU.GLU_FILL);
                    glu.gluQuadricNormals(quad, GLU.GLU_SMOOTH);

                    gl.glClearColor(1.0f, 1.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f);

                    gl.glEnable(GL.GL_DEPTH_TEST);
                    gl.glEnable(GLLightingFunc.GL_LIGHTING);
                    gl.glLightModelfv(GL2ES1.GL_LIGHT_MODEL_AMBIENT
                        , new float[] { 0.2f, 0.2f, 0.2f, 1.0f }, 0);

                    gl.glEnable(GLLightingFunc.GL_LIGHT0);
                }

                public void reshape(GLAutoDrawable drawable, int x, int y, int w, int h) //*** RESHAPE
                {
                    . . . . .
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

```

example 1: (continued)

```

public void display(GLAutoDrawable drawable) //*** DISPLAY
{
    GL2 gl = drawable.getGL().getGL2();
    gl.glClear(GL.GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT); gl.glClear(GL.GL_DEPTH_BUFFER_BIT);

    /// description of the viewing transformation
    . . . . . .

    ///----- LIGHT
    gl.glLightfv( GLLightingFunc.GL_LIGHT0 , GLLightingFunc.GL_POSITION
                  , new float[]{ 100.0f , 100.0f , 30.0f , 1.0f } , 0);
    gl.glLightfv( GLLightingFunc.GL_LIGHT0 , GLLightingFunc.GL_AMBIENT
                  , new float[]{ 0.1f , 0.1f , 0.1f , 1.0f } , 0);
    gl.glLightfv( GLLightingFunc.GL_LIGHT0 , GLLightingFunc.GL_DIFFUSE
                  , new float[]{ 1.0f , 1.0f , 1.0f , 1.0f } , 0);
    gl.glLightfv( GLLightingFunc.GL_LIGHT0 , GLLightingFunc.GL_SPECULAR
                  , new float[]{ 1.0f , 1.0f , 1.0f , 1.0f } , 0);

    ///----- HEAD
    gl.glMaterialfv(GL.GL_FRONT_AND_BACK , GLLightingFunc.GL_AMBIENT_AND_DIFFUSE
                    , new float[] { 0.2f , 0.8f , 0.2f , 1.0f } , 0);

    /// eyes added to the previous example:
    gl.glPushMatrix(); gl.glTranslatef(-10.0f , 10.0f , 22.0f);
    glu.gluSphere(quad , 6.0f , 10 , 10); gl.glPopMatrix();

    gl.glPushMatrix(); gl.glTranslatef(10.0f , 10.0f , 22.0f);
    glu.gluSphere(quad , 6.0f , 10 , 10); gl.glPopMatrix();

    /// rest of the geometric description of the head
    . . . . .

    ///----- HAT
    gl.glMaterialfv(GL.GL_FRONT_AND_BACK , GLLightingFunc.GL_AMBIENT_AND_DIFFUSE
                    , new float[] { 0.6f , 0.2f , 1.0f , 1.0f } , 0);
    /// geometric description of the hat
    . . . . .
    gl.glFlush();
}

public void dispose(GLAutoDrawable drawable) //*** DISPOSE
{
}
};

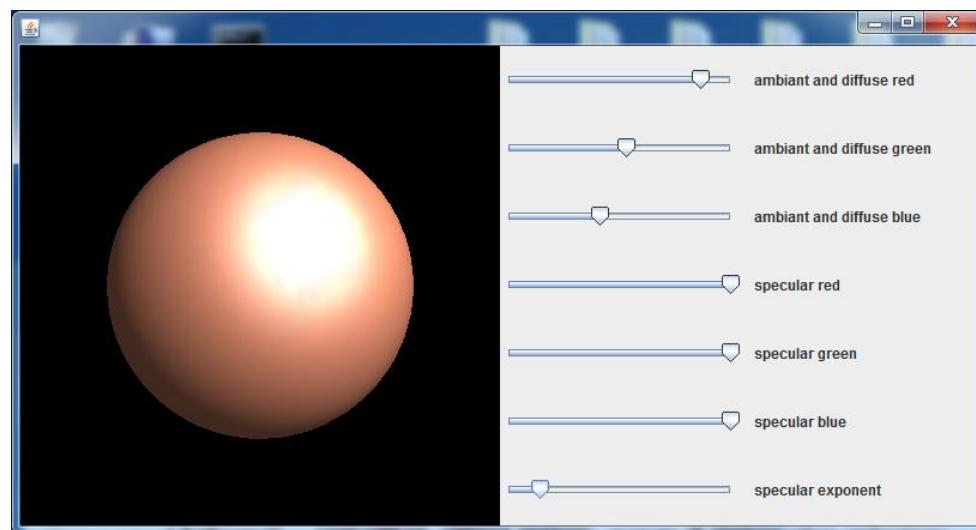
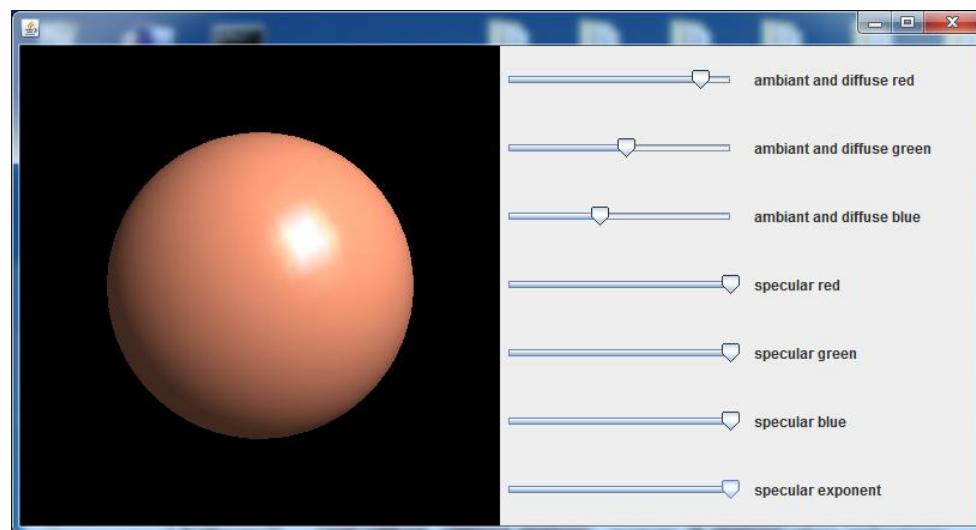
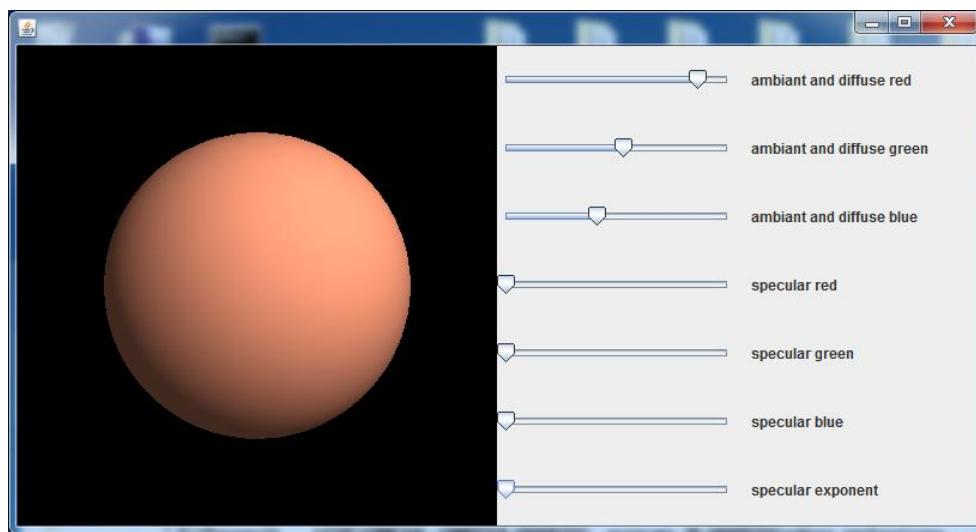
}

Gui()
{
    . . . . .
}
}

```



example 2: sphere with diffuse and specular coefficients adjusted interactively



example 2: (continued)

```

class Gui
{
    JFrame f; DrawingPanel p;

    float diff_r , diff_g , diff_b , spec_r , spec_g , spec_b , spec_e;
    JPanel ps; JSlider s_diff_r , s_diff_g , s_diff_b , s_spec_r , s_spec_g , s_spec_b , s_spec_e;
        JLabel l_diff_r , l_diff_g , l_diff_b , l_spec_r , l_spec_g , l_spec_b , l_spec_e;

    class DrawingPanel extends GLJPanel
    {
        GLU glu; GLUquadric quad;

        DrawingPanel()
        {
            super(new GLCapabilities(GLProfile.getDefault()));

            this.addGLEventListener(new GLEventListener()
            {
                public void init(GLAutoDrawable drawable) //*** INIT
                {
                    GL2 gl = drawable.getGL().getGL2();

                    glu = new GLU(); quad = glu.gluNewQuadric();
                    glu.gluQuadricDrawStyle(quad , GLU.GLU_FILL);
                    glu.gluQuadricNormals(quad , GLU.GLU_SMOOTH);

                    gl.glClearColor(0.0f , 0.0f , 0.0f , 0.0f);

                    gl glEnable(GL.GL_DEPTH_TEST);
                    gl glEnable(GLLightingFunc.GL_LIGHTING);
                    gl.gLightModelfv( GL2ES1.GL_LIGHT_MODEL_AMBIENT
                        , new float[] { 0.2f , 0.2f , 0.2f , 1.0f } , 0);

                    gl glEnable(GLLightingFunc.GL_LIGHT0);
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

```

example 2: (continued)

```
public void reshape(GLAutoDrawable drawable , int x , int y , int w , int h) //*** RESHAPE
{
    GL2 gl = drawable.getGL().getGL2();

    gl.glViewport(0 , 0 , w , h);

    gl.glMatrixMode(GLMatrixFunc.GL_PROJECTION);
    gl.glLoadIdentity(); glu.gluPerspective(60.0f , (float) w / h , 1.0f , 10000.0f);
}

public void display(GLAutoDrawable drawable) //*** DISPLAY
{
    GL2 gl = drawable.getGL().getGL2();

    gl.glClear(GL.GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT); gl.glClear(GL.GL_DEPTH_BUFFER_BIT);

    gl.glMatrixMode(GLMatrixFunc.GL_MODELVIEW);
    gl.glLoadIdentity();
    glu.gluLookAt(100.0f , 100.0f , 100.0f , 0.0f , 0.0f , 0.0f , 0.0f , 1.0f , 0.0f);

    //----- LIGHT
    gl.glLightfv( GLLightingFunc.GL_LIGHT0 , GLLightingFunc.GL_POSITION
                  , new float[]{ 100.0f , 100.0f , 50.0f , 1.0f } , 0);
    gl.glLightfv( GLLightingFunc.GL_LIGHT0 , GLLightingFunc.GL_AMBIENT
                  , new float[]{ 0.1f , 0.1f , 0.1f , 1.0f } , 0);
    gl.glLightfv( GLLightingFunc.GL_LIGHT0 , GLLightingFunc.GL_DIFFUSE
                  , new float[]{ 1.0f , 1.0f , 1.0f , 1.0f } , 0);
    gl.glLightfv( GLLightingFunc.GL_LIGHT0 , GLLightingFunc.GL_SPECULAR
                  , new float[]{ 1.0f , 1.0f , 1.0f , 1.0f } , 0);

    //----- SPHERE
    gl.glMaterialfv(GL.GL_FRONT_AND_BACK , GLLightingFunc.GL_AMBIENT_AND_DIFFUSE
                  , new float[] { diff_r , diff_g , diff_b , 1.0f } , 0);

    gl.glMaterialfv(GL.GL_FRONT_AND_BACK , GLLightingFunc.GL_SPECULAR
                  , new float[] { spec_r , spec_g , spec_b , 1.0f } , 0);

    gl.glMaterialfv(GL.GL_FRONT_AND_BACK , GLLightingFunc.GL_SHININESS
                  , new float[] { spec_e } , 0);

    glu.gluSphere(quad , 60.0f , 50 , 50);

    gl.glFlush();
}

public void dispose(GLAutoDrawable drawable) //*** DISPOSE
{
}
});
```

example 2: (continued)

```

Gui()
{
    f = new JFrame();  f.setFocusable(true);  f.setVisible(true);
    p = new DrawingPanel();  f.getContentPane().add(p , BorderLayout.CENTER);

    //----- SLIDERS
    ps = new JPanel();  ps.setLayout(new GridLayout(0 , 2));
    f.getContentPane().add(ps , BorderLayout.EAST);

    s_diff_r = new JSlider(JSlider.HORIZONTAL, 0 , 100 , 0);  ps.add(s_diff_r);
    l_diff_r = new JLabel("  ambiant and diffuse red");  ps.add(l_diff_r);

    s_diff_g = new JSlider(JSlider.HORIZONTAL, 0 , 100 , 0);  ps.add(s_diff_g);
    l_diff_g = new JLabel("  ambiant and diffuse green");  ps.add(l_diff_g);

    s_diff_b = new JSlider(JSlider.HORIZONTAL, 0 , 100 , 0);  ps.add(s_diff_b);
    l_diff_b = new JLabel("  ambiant and diffuse blue");  ps.add(l_diff_b);

    s_spec_r = new JSlider(JSlider.HORIZONTAL, 0 , 100 , 0);  ps.add(s_spec_r);
    l_spec_r = new JLabel("  specular red");  ps.add(l_spec_r);

    s_spec_g = new JSlider(JSlider.HORIZONTAL, 0 , 100 , 0);  ps.add(s_spec_g);
    l_spec_g = new JLabel("  specular green");  ps.add(l_spec_g);

    s_spec_b = new JSlider(JSlider.HORIZONTAL, 0 , 100 , 0);  ps.add(s_spec_b);
    l_spec_b = new JLabel("  specular blue");  ps.add(l_spec_b);

    s_spec_e = new JSlider(JSlider.HORIZONTAL, 0 , 128 , 0);  ps.add(s_spec_e);
    l_spec_e = new JLabel("  specular exponent");  ps.add(l_spec_e);

    s_diff_r.addChangeListener( . . . . . { diff_r = 0.01f * s_diff_r.getValue();  f.repaint(); } );
    s_diff_g.addChangeListener( . . . . . { diff_g = 0.01f * s_diff_g.getValue();  f.repaint(); } );
    s_diff_b.addChangeListener( . . . . . { diff_b = 0.01f * s_diff_b.getValue();  f.repaint(); } );
    s_spec_r.addChangeListener( . . . . . { spec_r = 0.01f * s_spec_r.getValue();  f.repaint(); } );
    s_spec_g.addChangeListener( . . . . . { spec_g = 0.01f * s_spec_g.getValue();  f.repaint(); } );
    s_spec_b.addChangeListener( . . . . . { spec_b = 0.01f * s_spec_b.getValue();  f.repaint(); } );
    s_spec_e.addChangeListener( . . . . . { spec_e = s_spec_e.getValue();  f.repaint(); } );

    f.setSize(new Dimension(800 + 16 , 400 + 38));
}
}

```